

ENERGY STAR® Imaging Equipment Online Stakeholder Meeting

Draft 2 Version 1.1 Specification

August 19, 2008

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Meeting Agenda Items



- Anticipated timeline
- Overview of the TEC data analysis
 - 230V: 115V Data comparison
- Power supply functional adder
- Digital Front End concerns
- Administrative issues



Anticipated Timeline





EPA distributed Draft 2

August 16, 2008

Web-based stakeholder meeting

September 17, 2008

Stakeholder comments due on Final Draft

July 1, 2009

Version 1.1 effective date

August 6, 2008

Stakeholder comments due on Draft 2

August 27, 2008

EPA distribute Final Draft

October 1, 2008

Distribute Final Version 1.1







TEC Data Analysis

Bruce Nordman, LBNL



Overview



- Goals
- Data Sources
- "Windowing" analysis
- Experimentation
- Results



TEC - Goals



Specification line goals

- Continue to use linear segments with common slopes across TEC tables
- Ensure that products with greater capability always have a greater allowance than those with less
- Match 25% goal as well as possible across all speed ranges

No longer a goal

 Maintaining a fixed difference between spec lines (was 3 kWh/week)



TEC - Data Sources



- ENERGY STAR OPS data (currently qualified only)
- Manufacturer web site information
- Edits from manufacturers
- Final data set for analysis

ENERGY STAR Tier 1

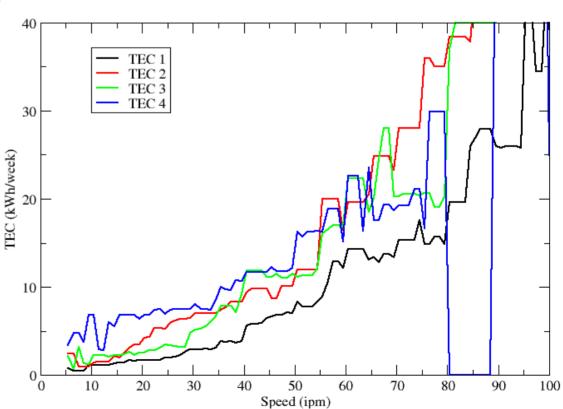
	Total	Qual.	%
TEC1	283	151	53%
TEC2	171	84	49%
TEC3	357	177	50%
TEC4	179	95	53%
Total	990	507	51%



TEC - "Windowing" analysis



- Successive 10-ipm windows for each TEC table (1-10, 2-11, 3-12, 4-13,)
- Lines shown connect 25% points for each window
- Zero data when no models in window
- Starting point for drawing spec lines
- Don't have TEC for non-qual. but don't need them





TEC - Experimentation

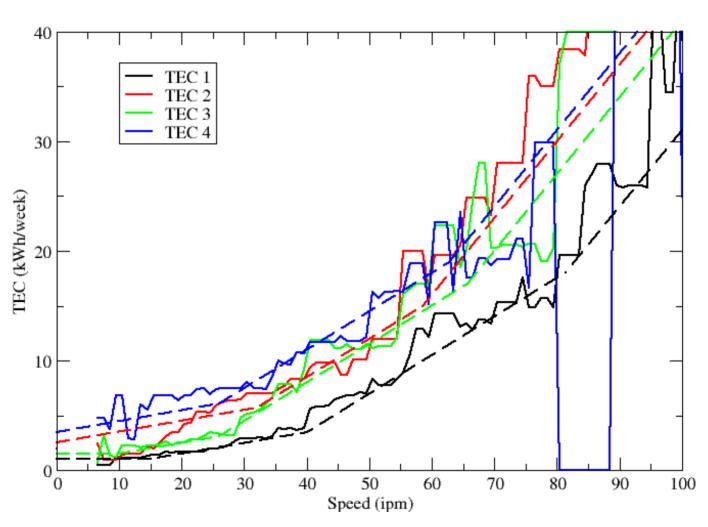


- Eyeball best set of common slopes from window lines
- Conclusion: need three slopes (0.1, 0.35, 0.7) rather than the two from Tier 1 (0.2, 0.8)
- Increased use of minimum TEC values at low speeds
- Tried different intercepts until 25% level was as smooth as possible across speed bins (10 ipm)
- Maintained goals outlined



TEC - Results

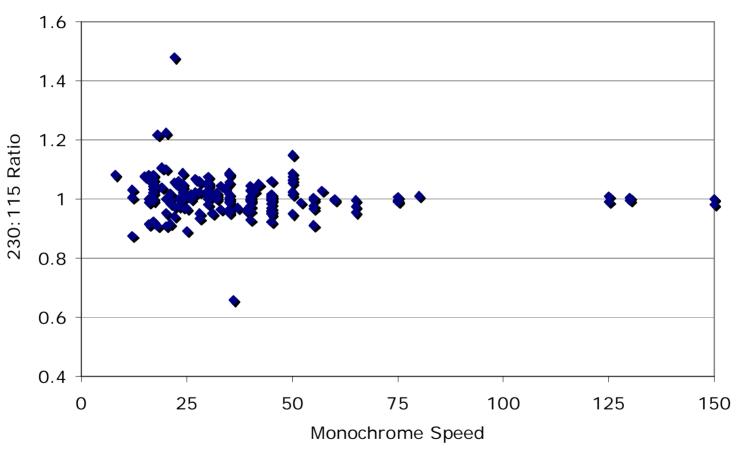






TEC Data: 230V and 115V





For TEC products reporting both voltages: average
 230V/115V ratio = 1.0153 (1.53% difference)







Power Supply Output Rating (PSOR) Secondary Functional Adder for OM Products

Bijit Kundu, ICF International



Draft 1 Specification



 Draft 1 proposal: No power supply output rating (PSOR) secondary functional adder for operational mode (OM) products

 Many stakeholders disagreed with the EPA's proposal citing power supply is a surrogate for speed and performance



Draft 1 Specification (cont.)



- EPA asked stakeholders to submit data showing that the PSOR adder is needed
- Based on the data, EPA would consider applying a PSOR adder in some form for OM product types
- Very little data was received by EPA

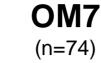


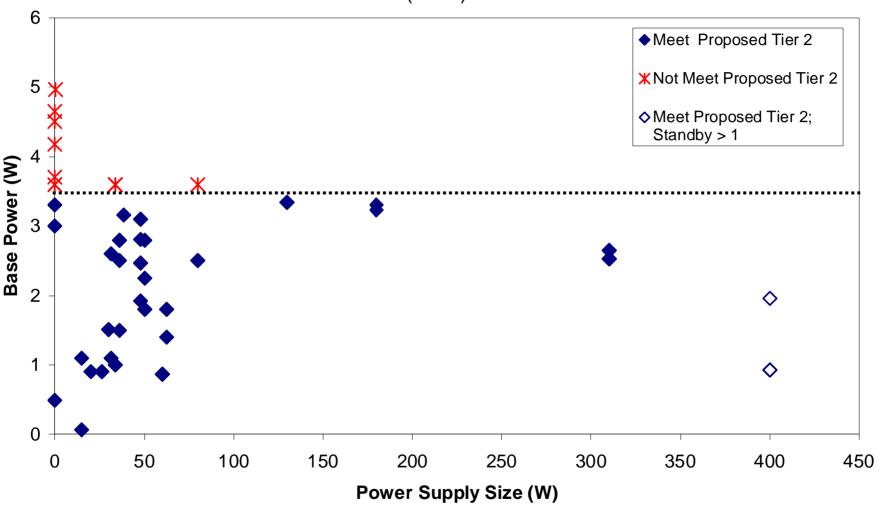
Draft 2 Specification



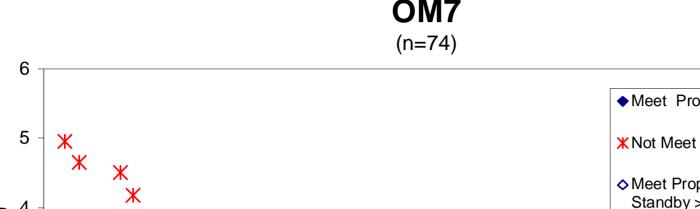
- In Draft 2 data analysis EPA examined each OM category based on power supply size and speed
- If data showed all products with a large power supply or high speed products did not meet a proposed Sleep requirement within an OM category, EPA applied an adder based on power supply
 - Goal to capture approximately the top 25% of models available

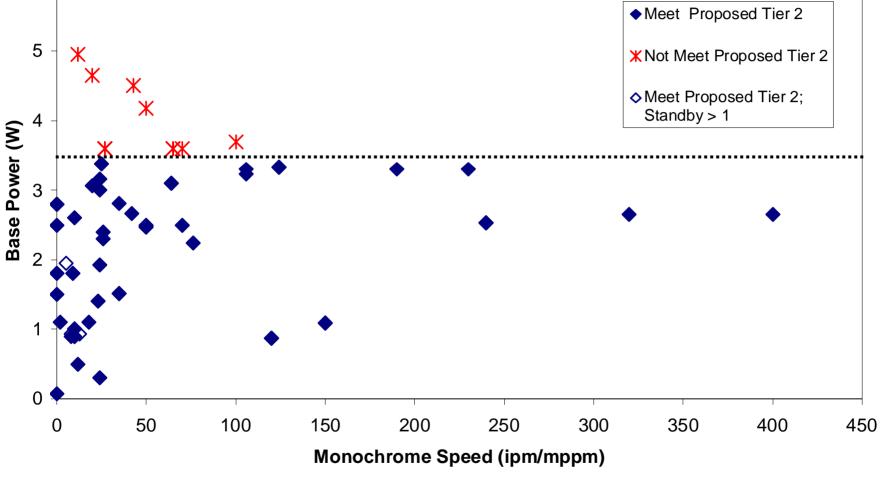




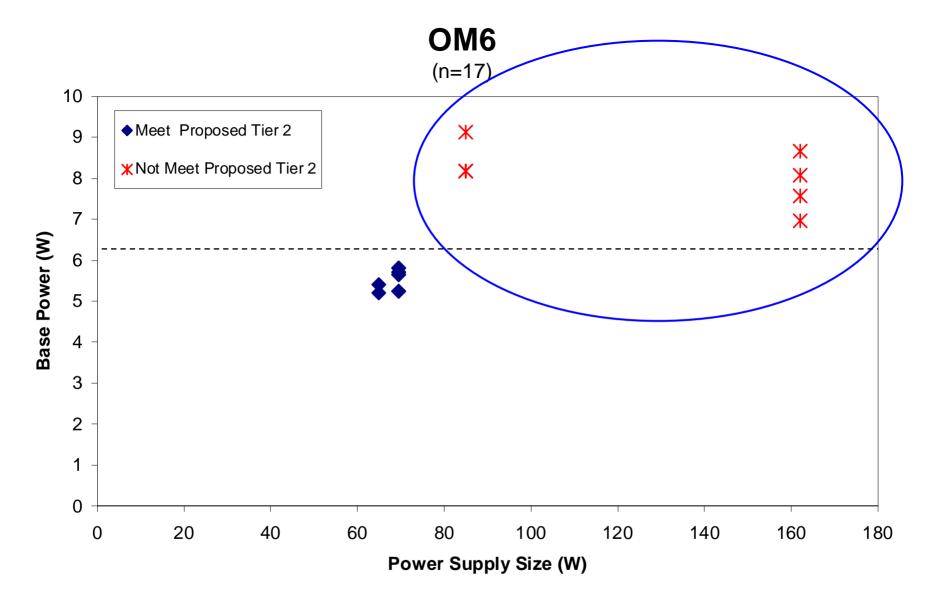


 No PSOR adder applied; products with large power supplies able to meet proposed Tier 2

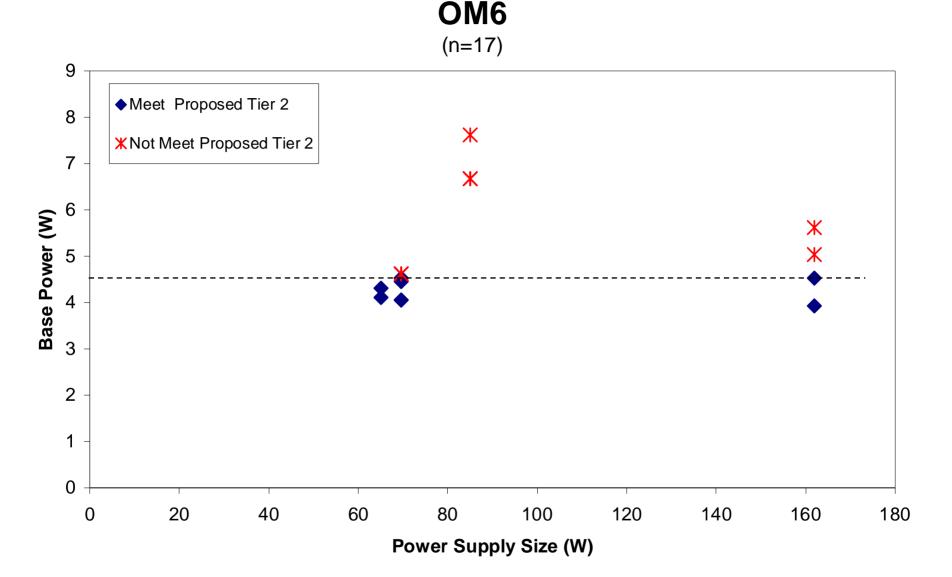




 No PSOR adder applied; high speed products able to meet proposed Tier 2



 Example: No PSOR adder applied (dotted line proposed Sleep requirement)



 Example: PSOR adder applied (dotted line proposed Sleep requirement)

OM2 and OM6



 Draft 2 Proposal: Inclusion of a PSOR secondary functional adder for products in the OM2 and OM6 categories only

> For PSOR > 10 W, 0.02 x (PSOR - 10 W)







DFE Definitions and DFE Power Supply Efficiencies

Christopher Kent, EPA



Digital Front End



- Issues addressed
 - Definition
 - Qualifying products
 - Power supply efficiency requirements
- It is EPA's intent that whenever possible the power associated with the DFE be subtracted from the TEC and OM power measurements



Definition



 <u>Digital Front-end (DFE)</u> – A functionallyintegrated, (network-attached server or desktop-derived) server that hosts other computers and applications and acts as an interface to imaging equipment. other computers and applications and acts as an interface to imaging equipment. The imaging unit must be able to produce images without the DFE present, even though some functions and capabilities are no longer operable. A DFE provides greater functionality to the imaging product.



Type 1 vs Type 2



- A DFE will be defined as:
 - Type 1 DFE: A DFE that draws its DC power from its own AC power supply (internal or external) which is separate from the power supply that powers the imaging equipment. This DFE may draw its AC power directly from a wall outlet, or it may draw it from the AC power associated with the imaging product's internal power supply.
 - Type 2 DFE: A DFE that draws its DC power from the same power supply as imaging equipment with which it operates.



DFE types



		Power Supply Efficiency		
	Definition	Internal Power Supply	External Power Supply	
Type 1 A	Draws its DC power from its own AC power source	Must meet power supply efficiency listed in Section 3	EPS must meet V2.0	
Type1 B	Draws its DC power from a receptacle on or in the IE or is hard wired to the IE	Must meet power supply efficiency listed in Section 3	EPS must meet V2.0	
Type 2	Draws its DC power internally off of the IE power supply			



Qualifying Products with DFE



- Products designated to operate with a Type 1 DFE: To qualify as ENERGY STAR under IE Version 1.1, an IE product manufactured after July 1, 2009 that is sold with a Type 1 DFE must use a DFE that meets the ENERGY STAR Imaging Equipment Digital Front End Power Supply Efficiency Requirements listed in Section 3 C.
- Products designated to operate with a Type 2 DFE: To qualify as ENERGY STAR under IE Version 1.1, an IE product manufactured after July 1, 2009 that is sold with a Type 2 DFE, manufacturers should subtract the DFE's energy consumption in Ready mode for TEC products or be excluded when measuring Sleep and Stand by for OM products.



Qualifying Products with DFE (cont.)



- Currently, the IE specification does not address the energy efficiency of a Type 2 (internal) DFE but instead has the manufacture subtract the internal's DFE energy consumption in ready mode for TEC products and excluded when measuring sleep for OM products.
- Tier 2 of the Imaging Specification is not suggesting changing this aspect of the specification for Type 2 (Internal) DFEs that get their DC power from the imaging product with which it operates..



Power Supply Efficiency Requirements



 DFEs Using an Internal Ac-Dc Power Supply

A DFEs that gets its DC power from its own internal AC-DC power source must meet the following power supply efficiency: 80% minimum efficiency at 20%, 50%, and 100% of rated output and Power Factor > 0.9 at 100% of rated output.



Power Supply Efficiency Requirements



 DFEs Using an External Power Supply: A DFE that gets its power from an external power supply must be ENERGY STAR qualified or meet the no-load and active mode efficiency levels provided in the **ENERGY STAR V2.0 Program** Requirements for Single Voltage Ac-Ac and Ac-Dc External Power Supplies.







Process and Timeline for Recommitting to ENERGY STAR and Submitting Data

Darcy Martinez, ICF International



Joining ENERGY STAR and Reporting Data



- Requesting and signing the Partnership Agreement (PA) or Commitment Form
- Submitting Qualified Product (QP) data
- Submitting Unit Shipment Data (USD)
- Labeling products
- Summary of key events after specification publication



Signing the PA



- Manufacturers may sign a PA immediately after publication of the Final Specification on October 1, 2008
- PAs are available at <u>www.energystar.gov/join</u>
 - New partners: sign the PA and complete the Commitment Form
 - Existing partners: complete the Commitment Form
- Return the PA and/or Commitment Form according to the instructions in the documents
- Make sure to inform EPA of any change in primary contact information
- As of July 1, 2009, only partners that have completed the PA and/or Commitment Form and submitted QP data will appear on the partner list on



Signing the PA (cont.)





Partnership Agreement between ENERGY STAR®

and

(ENTER PARTNER NAME HERE

an ENERGY STAR® Pa

Through this agreement, ________("ENEI partnership with the US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the Depart or more areas. ENERGY STAR Partner recognizes ENERGY STAR as a broad promote buildings, products, homes, and industrial facilities that use less energy better performance than conventional designs. ENERGY STAR Partner wishes name and/or mark in association with qualified products or homes. ENERGY ST partnership and the ENERGY STAR mark to promote energy efficiency as an earorganizations and consumers to prevent pollution, protect the global environmer ENERGY STAR Partner agrees that it is important to build and maintain the meamark as a trustworthy symbol that makes it easy to make a change for the bette

Partner Commitments

ENERGY STAR Partner is committed to taking action in the area(s) indi Commitment Form. For the designated program area(s), ENERGY STAR Partner requirements as outlined in the following supporting documents:

- ENERGY STAR Program Requirements, defining requirements for being reprogram area, such as manufacturing, selling, or promoting ENERGY States consumers or organizations. Specific requirements include identifying a area of participation and updating EPA/DOE on the efforts undertaken trapplicable, these include ENERGY STAR eligibility criteria defining the specifications that must be met for use of the ENERGY STAR mark on a buildings, homes, and products; and
- ENERGY STAR Identity Guidelines, describing how the ENERGY STAR nat Partner will adhere to these guidelines and ensure that its authorized re advertising agencies, dealers, and distributors, are also in compliance.



ENERGY STAR Commitment Form: Program Area(s) Where ENERGY STAR Partner Commits to Fulfill Program Requirements

rf	Partner Name:		
I I)	Date:		
T	Partner agrees	to fulfill the Program Require	nents of each program area checked below.
e e	Efficiency Progra Consumer Pro Residential No	ew Construction Market mercial Buildings Market cial Buildings Market	Home Electronics Audio Equipment and DVD Products Digital-to-Analog Converter Boxes (DTAs) Set-top Boxes Telephony Televisions and VCRs
di e S a t	*Such as state coordinators. Help Clients Improcommercial and Ir supporting the: Existing Commercial Commerc	es, utilities, or regional program rove Their Energy Performance ndustrial Service and Product Provi mercial Buildings Market roial Buildings Market	Heating, Ventilation, and AC Products Boilers Central ACs and Air-Source Heat Pumps Furnaces lers, Geothermal Heat Pumps Light Commercial HVAC Programmable Thermostats Residential Ceiling Fans Residential Ventilating Fans
e ai	* Please refer Agreement fo	Energy-Efficient Homes to the ENERGY STAR Partnership r Lenders.	Home and Building Envelope Products Residential Insulation Products Roof Products Windows, Doors and Skylights Window Components
e	☐ Home Builder ☐ Home Energy * Please refer	Raters to the ENERGY STAR Partnership r Home Builders and Verification	Lighting Products Decorative Light Strings Residential Light Fixtures Screw-Based Compact Fluorescent Lamps (CFL)
	Promote ENERG Retailers/E-ta Buying Group		Office Equipment Computers Imaging Equipment Monitors



Submitting QP Data



- At a TBD date in 2009, the online product submittal tool (OPS) will be modified to accommodate additional data fields
- Manufacturers must use OPS to add data for currently-qualified products they wish to continue to label under 1.1
- On May 1, 2009, OPS will no longer accept models for qualification under 1.0
- On July 1, 2009, OPS will evaluate all products in database under 1.1
 - QP lists run after this date will only display 1.1 models.



Submitting USD



- Submit unit shipment data no later than March 31 for the previous calendar year
 - First data collection will cover 2008 calendar year
 - Format developed by EPA and vetted with partners in advance
 - Option for submitting through third party
 - Visit <u>www.energystar.gov/usd</u> for examples of summary reports



Labeling Products

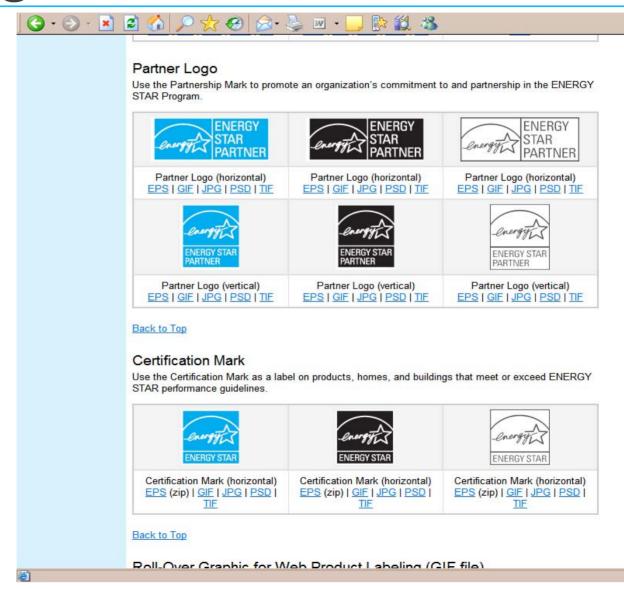


- Products manufactured after July 1, 2009
 must meet the 1.1 specification in order to be
 labeled and referred to as ENERGY STAR
 qualified
- Models that were qualified under 1.0 may continue to make their way through the distribution chain bearing the ENERGY STAR mark
- Any new partners will be provided with usernames and passwords for accessing the ENERGY STAR marks and tools



Access to the ENERGY STAR Marks





Anticipated Timeline



October 1, 2008

Distribute Final Version 1.1. Manufacturers may commit to specification at any time.

March 31, 2009 2008 USD due.

July 1, 2009 Version 1.1 effective date.

TBD, 2009

OPS is modified to accommodate expanded data.

May 1, 2009

OPS no longer accepts qualification of products under 1.0.







Outstanding questions?





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Action Items from Webinar



- 1. **EPA** will ensure multiple manufacturers are captured under certain speed ranges in TEC requirements.
- 2. **EPA** will confirm that the proposed TEC requirements capture approximately 25% of the models by speed bin.
- 3. **EPA** will further investigate the TEC requirements to ensure that markets dominated by 230V are not disadvantaged by the proposed requirements derived from 115V product data.
- **4. EPA** will revisit product data from OM7 to account for modifying the adder relating CCFL lamps in scanners.
- **5. EPA** will provide available general guidance on rationale for revising ENERGY STAR specifications.
- 6. **Industry** will provide feedback to EPA on highlighted sections of the DFE definition (Slide 23).
- 7. Industry will provide information to EPA about general timetables for implementing changes to marketing and product material.

